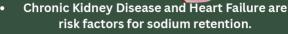
What you need to know about:

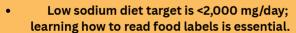
Sodium

- Sodium is an essential mineral that helps regulate blood pressure, fluid balance, and nerve function.
- Excess sodium intake can lead to high blood pressure, fluid retention, and worsening heart or kidney disease.
- Sodium is consumed in the diet, and the kidneys normally eliminate excess. When this balance is disrupted, sodium-sensitive conditions such as hypertension and heart failure may worsen.





- Processed foods, restaurant meals, and seasoning salts are the primary sources of hidden sodium.
- Excess sodium intake may be asymptomatic, but can reduce the effectiveness of diuretics, contribute to kidney stone formation, and worsen fluid overload in susceptible individuals.



- Focus on fresh, unprocessed foods, and limit portion sizes of packaged or restaurant items.
- Choose "low sodium" or "no salt added" products when available.
- In some cases, fluid restrictions or diuretic adjustments may also be part of the treatment plan.





*Naturenal products are low in sodium unless noted





Sodium control:

www.naturenal.com

Eating Guide

Avoid high sodium foods like:

Bacon, deli meats,	Chips, pretzels,	Packaged rice, pasta
sausage, sardines	movie popcorn	mixes
Canned soup, chili,	Frozen meals and	Ketchup, BBQ sauce,
bouillon	side dishes	relish
Pickles, sauerkraut,	Prepared biscuits,	Salad dressing,
olives, artichokes	pizza dough	processed cheese
Jarred sauces, gravy mixes, vegetable juices	Ramen noodles, soy sauce, teriyaki sauce	Breaded meats, injected poultry

Lower sodium alternatives:

Instead ofChoose This
Bacon or sausageFresh cooked chicken or turkey
Deli meatsHome-roasted lean meats
Canned soupHomemade soup with no added salt
Salted nutsUnsalted salted nuts
Pickles or olivesCucumber slices or celery sticks
Processed cheeseLow-sodium Swiss or fresh mozzarella
Soy sauceReduced-sodium soy or coconut aminos
Tomato or vegetable juiceLemon or cucumber water
Salted crackersUnsalted rice cakes or crackers
Store-bought dressingOlive oil, vinegar, lemon juice
Frozen mealsCooked leftovers with no added salt
Snack chipsAir-popped popcorn or veggie sticks

Eating Out...

- -Request "no added salt" when ordering entrées.
- -Choose grilled, baked, or steamed items.
- -Skip sauces/gravies unless labeled low sodium.
- -Salads: ask for oil & vinegar instead of dressings.
- -Avoid soups and deli sandwiches.
- -Check for nutrition info on restaurant's website.
- -Portion control helps-split entrees, box half to go.





